

Manufacturers of Industrial & Decorative Coatings

United Paints Limited
P.O. Box 21 064
29 Empire Road
Bridgend
Christchurch

Telephone : (03) 323 8743 Facsimile : (03) 323 7261

SAFETY DATA SHEET

M.E.K

1.0 Chemical Product and Company Identification

Trade Name: M.E.K

Chemical Name: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Ketone solvent for the reduction of paint for spray

application

Manufacturers Name: United Paints

Address: 29 Empire Rd, Belfast, Christchurch

 Telephone:
 (03) 323 8743

 Facsimile:
 (03) 323 7261

Date of Issue: 17th May 2023

Emergency Contact Numbers

National Poison & Hazardous Chemicals Information Centre (03) 474 0999

United Paints Limited – Director (Mr M.Davies) (03) 359 3528 Home 021 617 979 Mobile

2.0 Hazards Identification

HSNO APPROVAL CODE: Product is classified as hazardous according to Schedule 1 – 6

of Hazardous sustances regulations of HSNO act 1996

HSNO CLASSIFICATIONS: 3.1B, 6.1E 6.3B, 6.4A, 6.7B,

6.9B,

Danger







3.0 Composition / Information on Ingredients

Ingredient % By Weight TLV (TWA)

Ketone 100 % 590 mg/m³ 200ppm

4.0 First Aid Measures

4.1 Inhalation Bring patient to fresh open air. If breathing difficult give

oxygen.

4.2 Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. Remove and launder

contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.3 Eye Contact Flush with water lifting lids occasionally. Seek medical

attention .

4.4 Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm and quiet. Seek

medical attention immediately . Rinse mouth with water .

4.5 First Aid Facilities Eyewash and normal washroom facilities and consumerables .

4.6 Notes to Doctor Treat symptomatically . Aspiration is the main danger .

Enforce bed rest and observe carefully . Prophylactic antibiotics useful . Observe for chemical pneumonitis . Gasto-intestinal absorption is significant with hydrocarbon solvents .For large ingestions cuffed endotracheal tube is

recommended.

5.0 Fire Fighting Measures

5.1 Flashpoint -7°C

5.2 Flammability Limit 1.8 (Lower)

5.3 Extinguishing Media

Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

5.4 Hazardous Composition Products

May form toxic materials such as Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide.

5.5 Special Firefighting Procedures

Call Fire Service and tell them of location and nature of hazard .

Water or Foam may cause frothing that can be violent, especially if sprayed into containers of hot burning liquid. Self contained breathing apparatus with full face piece should be used.

Closed containers can be kept cool by water spray.

Make sure of adequate supplies of extinguishing material available.

5.6 Unusual fire and Explosion Hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along ground and move by ventilation and ignite at a point far from the source. Sumps and drains should be checked for signs of accumulation .

5.7 Firefighting Personal Protective Equipment

Full protective clothing and self contained breathing apparatus . Water rinse shower available .

	6.0 Accidental	Release Measures
6.1	Minor Spills	Eliminate all sources of Ignition. Stop leak at source. Dyke area of spillage. Absorb with sand or other absorbent inert material.
6.2	Major Spills	Clear are from all public and personnel . Call fire service and advise on the nature of hazard . Ensure spill is contained however if spill enters waterways directly or through drains advise local environment protection authority .
6.2	Disposal	Destroy by controlled incineration by approved waste disposal group or use an authorised disposal area.

7.0 Handling and Storage

7.1 HandlingUse in well ventilated area away from any source of ignition . Wear safety glasses , nitrile gloves , overalls , and approved cartridge respirator when spraying .

7.2 Storage Store in a cool , authorised room away from any source of accidental ignition , or any oxidising agents .

8.0 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 Exposure Controls

Contains 100 % Aromatic Hydrocarbon solvent . Make sure level maintained below TLV of 50 ppm or provide personal protective equipment to suit .

8.2 Personal Protective Equipment

✓ Vapour Respirator
 ✓ Splash Goggles
 ✓ Face Shield
 ✗ Gloves (Nitrile)
 ✗ Synthetic Apron
 ✗ Vapour Respirator
 ✓ Dust Respirator

9.0 Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5	Appearance Odour Boiling Point Flash Point Solubility in Water	Liquid Characteristic 79°- 80°C -4° C Miscible
9.6 9.7	Specific Gravity ph Value	0.804-0.806 Not applicable

9.8 Vapour Pressure 9.5 at 20°C

9.9 Vapour Density 2.4 **9.10 Evaporation Rate** 5.2 **9.11 Volatile Component** 100 %

9.12 Flammability Flammable Liquid

9.13 Autoignition Temp 520°C

9.14 Flammability Limits Lower 1.8 Upper 6.6

Coloured flammable liquid with a mild solvent odour , which does not mix with water but will form a thin layer on water surface .

10.0 Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions

10.2 Conditions to Avoid Heat , Direct Sunlight , open flames or other ignition sources

10.3 Materials to Avoid Strong oxidising agents

10.4 Hazardous Decomp Carbon monoxide , Carbon dioxide , fumes

Products

10.5 Hazardous Reactions May react with incompatible materials

10.6 Hazardous Will not occur

Polymerization

11.0 Toxicological Information

11.1 Acute Toxicity Oral : Moderately Toxic

Dermal: Moderately Toxic Inhalation: Moderate Irritant

11.2 Health Effects

Swallowed Harmful . Ingestion of this material may irritate the gastric

tract and cause nausea and vomiting .

Eye Contact May cause eye irritation, stinging, redness and blurred vision.

Skin Contact May cause itching,redness and irritation

Chronic Effects Causes central nervous system depression . Prolonged

exposure may affect liver and kidneys.

12.0 Ecological Information

12.1 Ecotoxicity Classed as aquatic ecotoxin with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistance / Not readily biodegradable .

Degradability

12.3 Mobility Air Rapid loss by evaporation

Water Product will mix partially with water .

12.4 Enviro Protection Avoid contaminating waterways , soil , drains and sewers .

13.0 Disposal Considerations

13.1 Liquid Dispose of waste through an approved facility .

13.2 Containers Dispose of containers through metal recycler once empty

containers have dried .

14.0 Transport Regulations

Labelling Required FLAMMABLE LIQUID

Red Diamond 3

UNDG

U N Number 1193

Proper Shipping Name Methyl Ethyl Ketone

D G Class 3

Hazchem Code 2 Y E

Packing Group III

This material is classified as a class 3 – Flammable Liquid according to NZS 5433:1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land .

This material must not be loaded in the same freight container or the same vehicle with:

Class 1 Explosives

Class 2.1 Flammable Gases
Class 2.3 Toxic Gases

Class 4.2 Spontaneously Combustible Substances

Class 5.1 Oxidising substances
Class 5.2 Organic Peroxides

Class 7 Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted

Must not be loaded in the same freight container , but can be in the same vehicle if separated horizontally by a distance of 3 metes :

Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet substances .

Goods of packing group II or III may be loaded in the freight container or the same vehicle if transported in segregation devices with:

Class 4.2 Spontaneously Combustible Substances

Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet substances

Class 5.1 Oxidising substances
Class 5.2 Organic Peroxides

15.0 Regulatory Information

Labelling Class 3 , Flammable Liquid

Poisons Schedule S 4

Hazard Category Harmful

16.0 Other Information

Revision Date 17th May 2028

NZ Emergency Services Telephone 111

NZ Poison Information Telephone 0800 POISON (0800 764 766)

The above information concerns only the above mentioned product and is not valid with any other product(s). The information is provided to the best of our knowledge, correctly and completely, in good faith but without warranty. It remains the user's responsibility to ensure the information is appropriate for their application of the product.